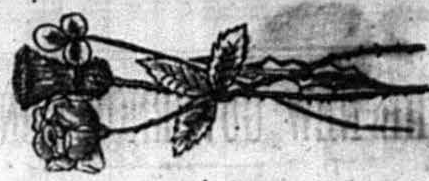


# THE COLONIST.



VOL. III.

Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., TUESDAY, JUNE 26 1888.

Single copies—One cent.

No. 144

## BY TELEGRAPH.

Presidential Convention at Chicago.

HARRISON AND MORTON ARE SELECTED.

A Crown Prince Robbed.

A ROYAL RECEPTION AT BERLIN.

HALIFAX, N.S., June 26.

The Republican Convention at Chicago have selected General Harrison, of Indiana, for President, and Levi Morton, of New York, for Vice-President.

A thief entered the apartments of the Crown Prince of Sweden, in a hotel at Franzenbad, and stole jewelry worth a hundred thousand dollars.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany made a formal entrance into Berlin, yesterday, and met with an enthusiastic reception.

The Prince of Wales returns from Berlin today.

## CAPE RACE DESPATCH.

CAPE RACE, today.

Wind E.N.E., fresh; hazy. The Furness line steamer Damara, from London for Halifax, went west at 9 a.m., and the Allan steamer Nestorian, from Quebec for London, went east at 12.20 p.m.

## OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction—brick building..... James J Collins  
Navy serge suits..... Job, Brothers & Co  
Seasoned paneling, etc..... Wm Campbell  
Schooner for sale..... J & W Pitts  
New Jams, etc..... John Steer  
Butter, oatmeal, etc..... West & Rendell  
Teas, sugars, etc..... Kennedy & Co  
Casino pleasure grounds..... see local column

## AUCTION SALES

A FINE BRICK BUILDING TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

I AM INSTRUCTED TO OFFER FOR sale by public auction, tomorrow, Wednesday, the 27th inst., at 12 o'clock, on the premises, (if not previously disposed of by private sale,) all the right, title and interest of Mr. JOHN COLEMAN, (builder,) in and to all that **Fine Brick Building** situate on Holloway-street, formerly known as Buckley's Lane, just off Water-street and immediately opposite the premises of Messrs. L. O'BRIEN & Co; admitted by all to be a first class business locality. The building is very suitable for a wholesale provision and grocery business, or for any business purpose whatever. Can be examined at any time by intending purchasers.

All particulars on application to

JAMES J. COLLINS,

Notary Public and Real Estate Broker.

OFFICE: Opposite Sailors' Home. je20

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## JUST RECEIVED.

## New Jams!

[Assrt. packages and kinds.]

New Laundry Soap—30 boxes—assorted  
New Coffee—in tins—assorted sizes  
New Canned Meats—assorted kinds  
Choice Rajah Pickles  
Unfermented Wines—assorted kin's  
White Wine Vinegars—in bottles  
Choice Family Flour—about 500 barrels

je26,31p.eod **JOHN STEER.**  
**FOR SALE.**

**THE FINE SCHOONER**  
**Duntulm,**

Burthen, per register, 78 tons.

Well kept and in good condition, a desirable vessel for the Bank Fishery or Coaster. For full particulars, apply to

je26 **J. & W. PITTS.**

FOR SALE BY

## WEST & RENDELL,

Ex S.S. Bonavista from Montreal,  
100 tubs Choice Butter  
50 half-barrels Oatmeal  
25 boxes Cheese

—ALSO—

750 BARRELS SUPERIOR EXTRA FLOUR,  
(various brands.)

## City Boat Club, Limited

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING  
Of the City Boat Club (Limited), will be held in Boat-House, this Tuesday Evg, 26th inst., at 8 p.m. A full attendance is requested, as urgent business will be transacted.

W. H. RENNIE,

Secretary, C.B.C.

## New Advertisements.

## Cotton Waste!

Roofing Felt, Sheathing and Carpet Paper.  
Cut, Wrought, Galvanized, Steel & Patent Nails

—ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF—

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN HARDWARE,  
At Reasonable Prices.

**Arcade Hardware Store - M. MONROE.**

## COOK'S TOURIST AGENCY

Office: 233 Duckworth St., St. John's.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

ENQUIRIES FREELY ANSWERED. — PERSONS LEAVING NEWFOUNDLAND for Foreign countries, will find it to their advantage to write to this Agency for information before purchasing their tickets elsewhere. Replies promptly given; also, such hints and advice as may be deemed necessary, and fares quoted where they are asked for. Both steamer and rail tickets, or all steamer tickets, issued to Boston, New York, Montreal, Toronto, &c. The choice of route, and mode of travel, at option of purchasers. Post Office Address, Box 572, je14,61p.eod.

## STUBBORN FACTS.

"A photographer's artistic individuality should be stamped upon his work."—Wilson's Photographics.  
VERY OFTEN THE INDIVIDUALITY (WITHOUT THE ART) IS DISADVANTAGEOUSLY displayed in an ordinary photographic advertisement. No amount of "gilded enameled" or bluster of doubtful veracity will compensate for the total absence of the ARTISTIC ELEMENT in the productions of a photographer.  
Our Second Grade Portraits possess the artistic quality in a marked degree, and it is this principle with first class workmanship that induces the public to pay us a remunerative price for all our work. We contend, and will prove that our SECOND GRADE IS better: technically, photographically and artistically, than the BEST produced outside our Gallery, in Newfoundland. Public opinion endorses our statements. Comparison is the test.

First 3 Cabinets TWO DOLLARS, Duplicate Copies 50cts.  
First 3 Cards ONE DOLLAR, Duplicate Copies 25cts.

We do not send any work out of the country to be FINISHED; we make our own enlargements, and have brains enough to finish them in a very superior manner in our own establishment. We have no connection whatever with THIRD-RATE copying houses, or itinerant vendors of cheap counterfeit photographic presentations. Our stock of Mouldings, Frames and Matts, Mounts and Picture Specialties, is the largest and most varied, and our facilities for framing the best in this country.

CAUTION!—Our productions are constantly and persistently being copied in a surreptitious and underhand manner; however, "imitation is the sincerest flattery."  
Our Views of LOCAL SCENERY are so well and favorably known the world over, that there is no necessity to say anything about them.

S. H. PARSONS, 310 Water & 115 Duckworth Streets.  
je12,61p.eod

## M. & J. TOBIN

Respectfully intimate to the Fishermen of Newfoundland that they have for sale, at the lowest cash prices, the following requirements for prosecution of fishery:

Squid, Short and Long Sed, Long-Shore and St. Peter's Lines  
Genging, Herring, Caplin and Salmon Twines  
Small Quarter, Middle Quarter, Large Quarter and Hake Hooks  
Cod Jiggers, Squid Jiggers, Dory and other Compasses, Splitting Knives, &c., &c.

**M. & J. TOBIN,**

170 and 172 Duckworth Street, the Beach.  
je19,21p

## "The Gloucester."

The Gloucester Tarred Cotton Line

Is undoubtedly the Best Banking Line Made.

IT IS twenty per cent. stronger than any other Cotton Line.  
IT IS more easily handled than any other Cotton Line.  
IT WILL stand more rough usage and wear better than any other Cotton Line, and it is the cheapest Cotton Line in the market. Made in all sizes. See that every dozen bears the trade mark. "THE GLOUCESTER." None other genuine. oct15p.f.eod

**North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.**  
OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON.

Established A.D. 1809. - Capital: £3,000,000.

Insurances Effectuated on all kinds of Property at Current Rates.

may28,2mf

GEO. SHEA, Gen. Agent for Nfld.

## Standard MARBLE Works.

287 New Gower-St.  
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent

—STOCK OF—

**HEAD-STONES,**  
MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELPieces, &c.

At a sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee solid work and the best of workmanship. Prompt orders solicited. Designs furnished by letter or otherwise. Special reduction on all goods ordered during the summer. Cement & plaster for sale.

JAMES MCINTYRE.



april5,21w,f

## New Advertisements.

## At KENNEDY & COMPY'S

The Finest Teas  
The Finest Sugars  
The Finest Coffees  
The Finest Pickles

The Finest Es. Rennet  
The Finest Salad Cream  
The Finest Syrups  
The Finest Sauces, &c.

KENNEDY & CO. 207 Water St.  
je26,41p

## JOB, BROTHERS & CO.

At the Old-Established Cash Shop!

—STILL SUPPLY THEIR CELEBRATED—

Navy Serge Suits at \$2.40 per Suit.  
je26,t,th&s,fp ALL OTHER GOODS COMPARATIVELY CHEAP.

## SEE!

Our Stock of Stylish

## Boys' CLOTHING

PRICES.....\$1.00 UP.

The Largest Assortment in the City.  
je23,41p **O'FLAHERTY & MACGREGOR.**

## JUST RECEIVED.

5,000 Feet 1/2-inch. Clear Seasoned Paneling  
15,000 Feet 1 1/2-inch Spruce Plank—suitable for sidewalks.

**WM. CAMPBELL,**  
Builders' Supply Store.

je26



## Government Notice!

## TENDERS

Will be received at this Office until THURSDAY, the 28th June, instant, at noon, for a

## Suitable Steam Vessel,

To ply along the coast of Labrador for about Three Months—making, say, Seven Round Trips. All particulars of service can be seen at this Office. Vessel to call at Harbor Grace on her way to Labrador. Service to commence about 11th of July. Government do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. FENELON,

Secretary's Office, Colonial Secretary.  
18th June, 1888. je15p.eod

## Barcelona Exhib'n

IT IS THE INTENTION OF the COMMITTEE to despatch to Barcelona, on the Allan steamer leaving here on the 10th July, further SPECIMENS OF TRADE PRODUCTS AND OF NATURAL HISTORY, besides photographic views of Newfoundland scenery. The Committee will gratefully receive contributions at the wharf of

Messrs. Shea & Co.

where they will be taken charge of and packed, under the direction of Mr. H. W. LE MEASURE.

W. B. GRIEVE,

Secretary.

## EDWNIMCLEOD

Commission Merchant.

DEMERARA.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY YEARS.

Special attention paid to the purchase of W. I. Produce and Sales of Fish. je26,fp,ly

## NOTICE TO DEBTORS.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE Firm of R. O'DWYER are requested to settle their accounts immediately, as all amounts remaining unpaid after the 30th inst. will be placed in the hands of their Solicitor for collection. And any parties having claims against the Firm are requested to furnish their accounts.

je16,fp.com

R O'DWYER.

## A. I. MARCH

Dentist,

220 Water Street, next door to Power's Hardware Store, opp. late P. Hutchins.

Any Work Entrusted to his care will be neatly executed.

Extracting a specialty; satisfaction guaranteed. Terms moderate. Advice—free.  
je15,2wfp

## CHARLES O'BRIEN REDDIN

Commission Merchant,

AND GENERAL AGENT, LITTLEBAYMINE, Newfoundland. Special attention to consignments of Provisions, Groceries and Dry Goods. Any class of merchandise sold—wholesale, retail or by auction, for cash only. Prompt returns. Correspondence invited. Will accept a few agencies; references on application; best cash market in the colony.  
je19,1mf

## Removal Notice!

I HAVE TAKEN A ROOM for ABOUT two months, for the convenience of Weekly Customers. The Room is opposite my store, and was formerly occupied by R. CALLAHAN.

je12,1m,fp

**JOHN P. SHEA.**

## Waterside Business Premises

## TO BE LET.

THAT DESIRABLE BUSINESS PREMISES, at Riverhead, at present occupied by Messrs. WEST & RENDELL. Possession given on the 1st November next. For further particulars apply to

**JAS. McLAUGHLAN.**

je14,fp.eod,lf



## THE NEW GOVERNOR GENERAL DEFINES HIS POSITION.

Lord Stanley, of Preston, speaking at the Canada Club, London, defined his position in the following words:—

"I feel at once the strength and the difficulty of a position which removes a man from the active political life at home—political life which, in this country as in many others, necessarily has something of a partisan character—removes him from that, and places him in a position where all must be for the State and none for party. (Hear, hear.) I wish to express the regret with which I find my notice called to certain opinions which I am presumed to hold, and which it is already stated are likely to be the cause of offence to some members of the great community with which I am about to be associated. In dining the other night with the Imperial Federation League, with which I am not connected, I made certain remarks, indicative of my own opinions, speaking of the great and growing interests which are, I hope, daily increasing between the Mother Country, the Dominion, and other parts of the world, and with respect to which as a politician of twenty years' standing, I have neither anything to take back nor to deny. (Hear, hear.) But I am hardly disposed to treat the matter so seriously. I would look upon it as an attempt at political thought-reading. (Laughter and "hear, hear.") It is a phase of the mind with which the politicians of this country are not wholly unacquainted. (Hear, hear.) Sometimes there is a tendency in the mind of the speaker, where the facts fail otherwise to supply the blank, and I am rather encouraged to hope that political thought-reading of that kind will, when the evidence be brought to the test, prove to be not so successful as some of those which may have interested the scientific and curious world on this side of the water. I hold that anyone who takes the position which I shall have the honor to hold in the not remote future puts aside all partisanship: that he considers he is in the servant of the State and not of a party; and however he may retain his own political convictions, those are wholly subordinated to the constitutional position in which he finds himself placed. Something of that I think we may claim, not from one, but from both political parties. Something of this it is again, which has given us that tenacity of purpose which we have been able to hold, when we see that successive governments have held a fairly continuous policy in respect to our foreign relations, when we see that party differences can be so far sunk that the State can claim the assistance of an Opposition in one time of Sir Stafford Northcote, and in later times of Mr. Chamberlain, whose name has been so well received. (Cheers.) In these cases it is the State not the party."

## The State of Ireland Under Coercion.

Mr. Michael Davitt, in an interview with Mr. Hall, of the New York "Sun," gives some telling statistics on the decay of Ireland under the Coercion rule of the Salisbury administration. Eighty per cent. of the tenants evicted from their buildings become paupers. In 1881 there were 589,849 persons relieved from poor rates; in 1886 the number increased to 632,186. 3,000,000 of acres lie idle from landlordism, on which 500,000 people could make a living on 30 acre holdings.

The deposits of savings banks may be greater than they were twenty years ago; but the deposits come largely from the constabulary and officials who are well paid.

The inhabited houses in Ireland forty years ago numbered 1,328,839, in 1851, while in 1884 they numbered 914,108.

Mr. Davitt says: There is scarcely any revival of Irish trade or manufacture; woollen manufacture looked up a little, but linen declined. The resistance to eviction is growing weaker in the sense that the country is anxious for Parnell's wishes not to carry on an aggressive policy leading to events which might endanger the Home Rule cause. It is stronger in the sense that the evictions evoke as deadly an enmity to England as ever. Resistance is still offered in every instance where the parties do not surprise the tenants. Frequent travelling in England and Scotland show him that sympathy with Ireland is increasing and the Home Rule sentiment is 25 per cent stronger. Balfour's policy, much as he may laud it himself, has gained a great proportion of this advance in our position, and every eviction he carries out and every leader he puts in prison will add a nail to the political coffin of his party at the next general election. Balfour would experience a little more resistance to his policy in Ireland than is now being offered; only that the people have expectations that it will soon come to an end.

In regard to the project said to be on foot to expend large sums of money in public works, Mr. Davitt says:—"Both the government and Chamberlain evidently believe that they can seduce the Irish people from the national cause if they offer them bribes. Consequently farmers are to have enough state money loaned them to purchase their holdings, agricultural laborers will find employment in huge public works, while fishermen will have harbors built for the benefit of their industry. All this can and may be done, and good may come of it in lessening pauperism and idleness, but the demand for Home Rule will not grow one iota less in strength or in persistency on that account. The Irish people will not sell their birthright of national liberty for any combined mess of Tory and Chamberlain potage. The deposits of savings in the banks may be greater than twenty years ago, but the deposits come largely from the constabulary and officials who are well paid. There were over fifty per cent more inhabited houses in Ireland forty years ago than now, the number falling from 1,328,839 in 1841 to 914,108 in 1884."

## THE DESTRUCTION OF DISEASE GERMS.

Careful Consideration Should be Given to these Useful Hints.

Cleanliness is a great enemy of bacterial life. Secure, as nearly as possible, perfection in drainage, ventilation and water supply. Over-crowding, stagnant water, decomposing animal and vegetable matter, and foul drains, furnish very favorable conditions for development, or, rather, the breeding of germs; for, remember that the specific germs are never spontaneously generated. Bad hygienic surroundings may induce disease, but not specific contagious disease to which we have referred. Finally—the most important part—exclude the germs; for a field, be it ever so well plowed and fertilized, will not yield a crop without seed, so, however favorable the conditions for breeding fevers and diphtheria may be, they will not occur without the introduction of germs. To exclude them requires constant and painstaking watchfulness. The enemy may gain admission through the milk supply, through improperly disinfected clothing, or through personal contagions, which it is almost impossible to avoid. Many germs possess great vitality, and when once they have gained access to a house, or any of its contents, resist destruction most persistently. They may be destroyed in various ways. Bichloride of mercury in solutions of one part to two thousand to five thousand is sufficient; carbolic acid, one to twenty to fifty, and heat, especially in the form of hot steam, are all useful. Fumes of sulphur are also good in closed rooms; but nothing can take the place of cleanliness and watchfulness against the introduction of disease germs.—Francis P. Whittlesey, M.D., in *Good Housekeeping*.

## A FEW ODD NICK-NAMES.

Explanation of Some of those in Common Use

"Did you ever notice," inquired a lawyer, "that in nearly every occupation the capable worker has a nick-name for the botcher who is engaged in the same business? Taking my business for an illustration. The first-class lawyer is called an attorney or counsellor, while the 'ne'er-do-well' is termed a shyster. At sea an incompetent sailor is called a marine; and on land the third-rate actor is called a hamfatter or barn storker; the shiftless newspaper reporter or journalist, a blacksmith; the physician who never cures, the quack; the cheap stevedore, a lumper; the looking-glass prize fighter, a beeper. All the terms are used in reproach to make a distinction between the good and the bad worker. To call a sailor a marine is worse than calling him a murderer. You might just as well say he was clumsy or ignorant of his duty. At sea when a captain calls one of the occupants of the fore-castle a marine, the unfortunate is made to come on deck and shoulder a handspike. This is the worst kind of punishment in the eyes of an able-bodied seaman. The term 'sojer' is also used at sea, but not for incompetency, but to a seaman who tries to shirk his duty. These terms are recognized in the courts, too, for I recall an instance when a Captain Murray, in an angry mood, called a lawyer of San Francisco a shyster. The lawyer began action against the captain. The latter on the stand testified that he did not call the attorney a shyster but a shy sir. It was a clever move on the part of the captain, but the court refused to believe him, and he had to pay."—*New York Mail and Express*.

## TO PROLONG THE BEAUTY OF FLOWERS.

For keeping flowers in water, finely powdered charcoal, in which the stalks can be stuck at the bottom of the vase, preserves them surprisingly, and renders the water free from any obnoxious qualities. When cut flowers have faded, either by being worn a whole evening in one's dress, or as a bouquet, by cutting half an inch from the end of the stem in the morning, and putting the freshly trimmed end instantly into quite boiling water, the petals may be seen to become smooth and resume their beauty often in a few minutes. Colored flowers—carnations, azaleas, roses and geraniums, may be treated in this way. White flowers turn yellow. The thickest textured flowers amend the most, although azaleas revive wonderfully. We have seen flowers that have lain the whole night on a table, after having been worn for hours, which at breakfast next morning were perfectly renovated by means of a cupful of hot water.

**THE LOWESTOFT FISHERY.**—An extraordinary scene occurred at Lowestoft, on the 5th inst. It appears an understanding was arrived at that no boat owners should allow their men to commence the summer herring fishery until Monday, the fish not being mature. Two Scotch boats, however, which went out near Yarmouth came into Lowestoft with good catches. Attempts were made to throw Mr. Catchpole, who offered fish for auction, into the sea, but the police protection was called in, and good prices were realized. Three Lowestoft boats came in with fish but were not molested, the owners stating they were not parties to the agreement.

## Clap Board!

Just Received, a Small Cargo of  
**PINE CLAP-BOARD.**  
Clift, Wood & Co

TO THE LADIES.

**JULY part of "Young Ladies' Journal"**  
June part of Myra's Journal.  
Sylvia's Book of Macramé Lace, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Book of Knitting, Netting, and Crochet, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Book of Ornamental Needlework, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Book of Artistic Knicknacks, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Book of Bazaars & Fancy Fairs, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Illustrated Embroidery Book, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Illustrated Lace Book, 30 cents.  
Sylvia's Children's Fancy Work Book, 30 cents.  
Needlework, edited by Jenny June, 50 cents.  
Letters and Monograms, edited by Jenny June, 50 cents.  
Knitting & Crochet, edited by Jenny June, 50 cents.  
Ladies' Fancy Work, edited by Jenny June, 50 cents.  
Mrs. Leach's Fancy Work Basket, 2 vols.

J. F. Chisholm.

## Choice - Potatoes!

On Sale by Clift, Wood & Co.

CHOICE EATING POTATOES.

ex sch. Annie T. McKie.

INSURE

## Your Property

—IN THE—

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL

Insurance Company, Limited.

M. MONROE, AGENT.

Hardwood Plank

ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

24 AND 3-INCH

WITCH - HAZEL AND BIRCH PLANK.

129 Water Street 129

STRAWS.

We have Just Received per S. S. Peruvian,

Ladies' Straw Hats and Bonnets

Ladies' Chip Hats

Children's Straw Hats and Bonnets

(In all the newest shapes.)

R. HARVEY.

O'NEIL'S

Hair-Dressing Saloon,

[Late Blackwood's—226 Water Street]

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF Mr.

WILLIAM HEATLY (late of Manchester, who

has also had experience in the United States.

Only two weeks at work, and business has in-

creased twofold; customers well-pleased. No de-

lays; the work quick and good. Come and save

time. Hours—from 8.30 a.m. to 9.30 p.m.;

Saturdays and days preceding Holidays—later.

may 11, 18

P.E.I. PRODUCE

ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD & CO.

500 barrels Choice Potatoes

500 bushels Heavy Black Oats

2 barrels Pork. 4 packages of butter

A FEW CHOICE HAMS,

Just received per "Annie T. McKie," from New

London, P.E.I. June 16

Superior Extra Flour.

FOR SALE BY

J. & W. Pitts,

200 brls Superior Ex. Flour—Bijou.

Newfound'd Railway

Summer Arrangement—Change of Time.

On and after Monday, June 18th, Trains will run

as follows—daily (Sundays excepted):

Leave St. John's..... 10 a.m.

Arrive at Harbor Grace..... 3.30 p.m.

Leave Harbor Grace..... 12.20 p.m.

Arrive at St. John's..... 5.30 p.m.

On THURSDAY and SATURDAY Evening a Special

train will leave St. John's at 6.45 for Kelligrews;

returning will leave Kelligrews at 9.30, arriving

at St. John's 10.50 p.m.

On MONDAY MORNINGS a Special train will leave

St. John's at 6 a.m. for Kelligrews; returning will

leave Kelligrews at 7.35, arriving at St. John's at

8.55 a.m.

Round-trip Tickets will be sold each Thurs-

day at Excursion Rates, from all regular stations,

good in all trains the same or following day only.

THOMAS NOBLE.

General Agent.

je11, 1m

## WE HOLD THE LARGEST

AND MOST VARIED STOCK OF

## HATS in the CITY!

DRESS

—AND—

Oxford

SHIRTS.

French,

Cambric

—AND—

Crimean

SHIRTS.

Collars, Bands, Scarfs, Ties—a full line.

At W. R. FIRTHS.

CURTAINS! - CURTAINS!

Our New Stock of Curtains

—INCLUDES—

Lace and Bermese Muslin,

Cretonne and Fancy Canvas,

Paris Netting and Chenelle.

Also, an assortment of Gresham Squares, Plush and Tapestry,

Table Covers, &c.

NFLD. FURNITURE & MOULDING COM'PY.

C. E. ARCHIBALD, Manager.

A. P. Jordan,

Stores 178 & 180 Water Street,

IS NOW PREPARED, THE SPRING BUSINESS BEING OVER, TO FURNISH

the following new goods for the Summer's trade: Fancy Biscuits, consisting of the following

brands: Ottawa, Cream, Brighton, Honey, Jumbles, Fruit, Ginger Snaps, etc. Also, assorted Jams,

viz: Gooseberry, Plum, Greengage, Black and Red Currant, Raspberry, Strawberry, etc. Sweets,

in bottles, viz: Raspberry, Pine Apple, Acid Drops, Mixed Tablets, Clove Drops, Indian Corn, and a

selection of syrups, in bottles, viz: Raspberry, Black Currant and Pine Apple, etc., etc. 100

boxes of Sweets, London Mixtures, 20 dozen boxes of Soluble Cocoa, 1 case of Canary Peaches, 1 case

Apricots, 1 case Mayne County Strawberries, 1 case McMurray's Sweet Corn, 3 kegs Pearl Barley,

Cream of Tartar, Maccaroni, White and Blue Starch, Family Laundry Soap, Electric Laundry Soap,

1 case Cheddar Cheese (loaf), \$2.40 each, 100 chests and boxes of splendid Teas—this season's—of the

best brands. And in stock—Bread, Flour, Butter, Pork, Jowls, Loins, Mince and Packed Beef, Hams,

etc. American Oil Clothing. Ships' Stores, supplied at the shortest notice.

A. P. JORDAN.

Our Stock is LARGE and Varied

—AND AS LOW-PRICED AS IS CONSISTENT WITH—

Artistically - Designed and Soundly - Constructed Goods.

GALLAHAN, GLASS & CO.,

Duckworth and Gower Streets.

Genuine Singer Sewing Machine.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Imitations.

TERMS, &c.

TO SUIT THE Bad Times.

We have reduced the price of

all our sewing machines. We call

the attention of Tailors and Shoemakers to our Singer No. 2, that we

can now sell at a very low figure; in

fact, the prices of all our Genuine

Singers, now, will surprise you. We

warrant every machine for over five

years.

The Genuine Singer is doing the

work of Newfoundland. No one can

do without a Singer.

1st. Uses the shortest needle of any

ock-stitch machine.

2nd—Carries a finer needle with

even size thread

3d. Uses a greater number of size

of thread with one size needle.

4th. Will close a seam tighter with

linen thread than any other machine

will with silk.

Old machines taken in exchange.

Machines on easy monthly pay-

ments.

M. F. SMYTH, Agent for Newfoundland.

Sub-Agents: RICH'D. J. McGRATH, Little Bay; JOHN HARTLEY, St. John's

JOHN T. RINDY, Pleasant

JOHNSON'S FOR INTERNAL

—AND—

EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the

Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysen-

tory, Chronic Di-

arrhoea, Kidney

Troubles, and

Spinal Diseases.

We will send free,

postpaid, to all

who send their

names, an illus-

trated Pamphlet.

All who buy our

medicines will be

refunded if not

any part of the

cost

it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall

be 25 cts.; 6 bottles, \$1.50. Express prepaid to

JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2118, Boston, Mass.

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## Select Story.

## A Noble Atonement

BY THE COUNTESS.]

## CHAPTER LXVIII—Continued.

"I have never heard such an extraordinary story in my life!" he cried. Unless you had told me yourself, I would not have believed it."

"Every word is true," said Sir Lionel. Heaven bless us! What strange mortals they are in this world. To think that a man should fling away his life for so little, and that a woman should ruin hers for less.

"I cannot understand it!" he cried. She gave up one of the finest positions in England for you—left her husband for you—yet would not go with you when she found you were married."

"That is just what happened," replied Sir Lionel. "Well, I have never understood women, and I never shall do so," said Mr. Wilson, "so it is useless for me to waste my time in trying to think what she could mean. Let us come to something practical, Sir Lionel. You wish that she should be found; that every means should be taken to trace her?"

"Yes, Wilson. You are a shrewd man of the world. Tell me, what do you think has become of her?"

"I could not tell. I might judge of an ordinary woman, I could not judge of her. Some women under those circumstances, would have killed themselves at once, would have faced death rather than life; some would have gone straight to the bad, without loss of time; but this woman seems, strange to say, to have had a fine sense of honor. I should think it quite impossible to guess what she has done; but I would undertake to say it is something noble."

"How well you understand her!" cried Sir Lionel.

"There are some patents of nobility that are to be seen by every one," said the lawyer, slowly. "It seems to me that your countess carries one."

"She is not my countess," replied Sir Lionel, gravely, and Mr. Wilson felt sorry that he had uttered the words.

"May I ask what your plans are, Sir Lionel?" asked the lawyer after a pause. "I have none that are settled yet," he replied. "I shall remain in London for some time, and go the round of the clubs; then I must think."

"I hope you intend to go back to Lady Rydal, Sir Lionel? I have seen many sad sights in my life, but nothing like her anguish when I went down to Dunwold."

"Do not speak of it," cried Sir Lionel, his face paling underneath the bronze. "I cannot hear of it," he cried with trembling lips. "I cannot, indeed. I will call in again, Mr. Wilson, and we will talk over matters; I am not strong yet."

"Come and dine with me this evening, Sir Lionel," said the lawyer, sorry for his client at last.

"Thank you. No, I am not fit for society yet. I must get stronger. I will see you before I leave London."

But much happened before these two met again. From there Sir Lionel went to his hotel. The very sight of London was painful to him. It had brought back all the pain and misery to him. He would not go near the West End or any place where he had been with Vivian; he avoided every spot where he had met her. He spent a miserable day at his hotel; then on the morning following he resolved upon going to his bankers.

He knew that there must be a large accumulation of money lying there, he had drawn so little. He was recognized at once. Messrs. Brown & Son, of the famous old bank, would be very slow to forget a customer, like Sir Lionel Rydal.

It may be that they did not think they had any right to judge of his private affairs, for their greeting was warm enough and kind enough. Sir Lionel was asked into Mr. Brown's office, his hand warmly shaken, and the famous brown sherry produced that was only brought out for most important customers.

"A remarkable coincidence that you should call upon us to-day, Sir Lionel," said Brown. "We received this morn-

ing a letter from Lady Rydal, inclosing one for you, and asking us to do our best to forward it to you at once. It is marked important."

"I shall be glad to see it," said Sir Lionel.

He tried to speak calmly, but the breath came in hot gasps on his lips, and he took it with trembling hands.

"I hope it contains no bad news," said Mr. Brown, courteously. "You will perhaps like to read it alone," and with a courteous bow, the senior partner vanished.

Sir Lionel did not wait long; he tore the letter open with trembling fingers. Ah, yes; it was the familiar writing that he had always loved so much. What is the matter? Gordon dangerously ill and pining for him—longing for him. "Oh, Heaven, what a coward and villain he had been! what a miserable coward! what a guilty, pitiful wretch!"

His little son dangerously ill and longing for him. How plainly he could see the little fellow; the proud little figure with its pretty pink limbs and childish grace, the beautiful loving little face; how the boy would run to him; he could feel the clasp of the childish arms round his neck now, and the touch of the warm little lips on his face.

He fell on his knees—this man who had broken the laws of God and man—with a bitter cry, and he shed such tears as had never fallen from his eyes before. He had inflicted much suffering on others, he had suffered much himself, but that his child should be dying, and perhaps, calling for him in vain, was a thing that broke his heart.

"It is bad news," he said to Mr. Brown, ten minutes afterward, "very bad. My little son is exceedingly ill. I must go to him at once. Where is this town of St. Louis?"

Mr. Brown gave him full directions how to get there quickly.

"I hope you will find him better, Sir Lionel," said the banker, heartily. "It is a sad thing, but children have nine lives, I am sure."

Sir Lionel set his teeth.

"It will go hard with me," he said, "if anything happens to the boy, I shall want money. Brown, give me what you can."

The banker proceeded to obey him. "Send for a cab now at once," said Sir Lionel. "I shall be in time to start by the midday train. Send to my hotel for me—here is my card—say the rooms are to be secured until my return. Oh, my little son, please Heaven, I may find you living and well."

In less than three hours he was steaming once more across the Channel; this time he had bitter regret and remorse for his conduct, together with an awful dread as to how he might find his child.

It was a terrible journey for him, but he reached the little town of St. Louis at last, and wondered why his wife had chosen a place so entirely out of the world.

Then he had to make inquiries as to where the villa lay; and he was horror-stricken to hear of the terrible effects of the fever.

How nearly he had lost his wife and children—how dreadful the danger had been, and how they were saved, so the people of St. Louis told him, by the skill and devotion of the good sisters. He had gone at once to the best hotel in the place, L'Hotel de l'Imperatrice, and had taken rooms there. He became very friendly with the landlord, who was delighted to have an English milord under his roof to fleece at his pleasure; and from him Sir Lionel learned that the squire and Mrs. Gordon, with my lady's little daughter, were staying in St. Louis, while my Lady herself and her little son, were both lying very ill at the villa.

"I will go there first," said the baronet to himself, "and see the squire afterward—that will not be the most pleasant of interviews." And so saying, he set off for the villa.

(To be continued.)

A Connecticut man tells this story of a remarkable exhibition of nerve by a professional sneak thief—"One day he walked quietly into a bank, took off his hat and coat, hung them on a nail, put on an office coat that hung there, and walked into the rear room which contained the vaults. The directors were holding a meeting, and, one sat in front of a door blocking the passage. The thief politely asked him to move, and when the obliging director did so the man went through the door, picked up two of the largest bags of gold in sight, coolly walked out with them, and thief and gold were seen no more there."

## Saws Filed &amp; Set

At P. HAGERTY'S.

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This Soap was very deservedly popular with our customers last year, and as numerous enquiries have been made this Spring for "Excelsior" Soap, we would advise intending purchasers to apply immediately. 200 boxes Excelsior Soap (30 bars each), only 90cts per box; 100 boxes Excelsior Soap (a smaller size box), only 80cts per box.

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PRESERVES—ASSORTED—IN 1-lb., 2-lb. and 7-lb. tins—Raspberry, Gooseberry, Red currant, Black Currant, Plum, Greenage, Strawberry, Apple-Jelly, Marmalade. N. B.—The above-mentioned preserves are of superior quality.

Curraute, in 1 cwt. cases  
Brown & Posen's Corn Flour—14lb bxs; 4lb pkts  
Lime Juice and Lime Juice Cordial  
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(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

[ESTABLISHED A. D., 1809]

RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AT THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1887:

| I.—CAPITAL         |            |
|--------------------|------------|
| Authorized Capital | £3,000,000 |
| Subscribed Capital | 2,000,000  |
| Paid-up Capital    | 500,000    |

| II.—FIRE FUND                    |               |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Reserve                          | £44,576 19 11 |
| Premium Reserve                  | 362,188 18 8  |
| Balance of profit and loss acct. | 67,895 12 6   |

| III.—LIFE FUND                 |                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Accumulated Fund (Life Branch) | £3,274,835 19 1 |
| Do. Fund (Annuity Branch)      | 473,147 3 2     |

| REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1887 FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.                      |              |
|--|--------------|
| Nett Life Premiums and Interest  | £469,075 5 3 |
| Annuity Premiums (including £108,992 2 4 by single payment) and interest | 124,717 7 11 |

| FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.       |                 |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Nett Fire Premiums and Interest | £1,157,073 14 0 |
|                                 | £1,750,866 7 4  |

The Accumulated Funds of the Life Department are free from liability in respect of the Fire Department, and in like manner the Accumulated Funds of the Fire Department are free from liability in respect of the Life Department. Insurances effected on Liberal Terms. Chief Offices.—EDINBURGH & LONDON.

GEO. SHEA, General Agent for Nfld.

LONDON &amp; LANCASHIRE

## Fire Insurance Co

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|                           |               |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| Assets, January 1st, 1887 | \$114,181,963 |
| Cash Income for 1886      | \$21,187,179  |
| Insurance in force about  | \$400,000,000 |
| Policies in force about   | 130,000       |

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No other Company has paid such LARGE DIVIDENDS to its Policy-holders; and no other Company issues so PLAIN and so COMPREHENSIVE A POLICY.

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## NOTICE.

AFTER FOUR WEEKS FROM this date, application will be made to His Excellency the Governor in Council, for letters patent for a "Steel Protected Dory Fittings," for the preservation of castaway seamen, to be granted to THOMAS S. CALPIN, of Bay Roberts.

THOMAS S. CALPIN, Bay Roberts. St John's, May 22, 1888—4w.11w.t

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CHICAGO, ILL.

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I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PARTIES against infringing on or making my making my anchor, or any anchor with any feature of my invention attached to it. Most persons are under the impression that if they make the slightest alteration, they can obtain a patent; but such is not the case, and should not be allowed or granted, for such is contrary to the laws, rules and regulations of patents. The manufacturers in England said they were safe to make my anchor, and would not infringe on any other patent or get themselves into trouble by so doing.

marl. T. S. CALPIN.

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Correspondence and other matters relating to the Editorial Department will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. R. BOWERS, Editor the Colonist, St. John's, Nfld



## Daily Colonist.

TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1888.

## THE BARCELONA EXHIBITION.

## Great Naval Exhibition.

The committee having in charge the Newfoundland exhibits for the Barcelona Exhibition, ask that all further specimens of trade products and natural history of this colony be sent to Mr. H. W. LeMessurier, at the wharf of Messrs. Shea & Co., who will have them carefully packed and forwarded. It is very desirable that Newfoundland should make as good a display of its products as possible at the Barcelona Exhibition, as by doing so our trade with the people of Spain may be increased. The Exhibition promises to be a great success. From despatches to the London newspapers, we learn that the opening ceremony was in keeping with the pomp and pageantry for which Spain is famous.

The following, from the correspondence of the London "Standard," will be of interest:—

"At sunrise on May 17th, the citadel, forts and flag-ships of the squadrons in the bay fired royal salutes in honor of the birthday of Alfonso XIII. People assembled early on the quays to see the French squadron in the offing exchanging salutes with the forts and the Spanish flag-ship. The French Admiral decided to anchor outside with six ironclads, sending four cruisers and six torpedo boats to anchor in the port alongside the Russians. Before an hour had elapsed further salutes announced the arrival of the Italian fleet, with the Duke of Genoa, whose torpedo cruisers and sloops entered the inner port. The British fleet, lying in the outside harbor, consisting of four ironclads and a gunboat, exchanged salutes with the citadel soon after eleven o'clock.

The sight of the harbor is splendid. The merchant and war vessels are dressed with flags, but the big hulls of the ironclads are covered with smoke from the salutes. Hundreds of boats, yachts and little steamers are hovering round the larger craft. The weather is glorious and the sea perfectly calm. The town is exceedingly animated. The public buildings and houses are decked with bunting and flags. Sir Clare Ford, the British ambassador, with his secretary, Mr. Hillcombe, arrived by the same express as the French, German, Austrian and Russian ambassadors.

From the Castle I examined the position of the fleets. Lying nearest the mouth of the port are the Colossus, Agamemnon and Thunderer: next is the Phaeton, facing them. In a line, on the other side of the mouth of the harbor, also outside lie the French flagship Colbert, with five ironclads. Beyond them, facing the beach of Barceloneta, are the Italian flagship Italia and the ironclads Lepanto, Duilio, Dandolo and Castle Fido. Out at sea, around and beyond these fleets, is quite a squadron of pleasure boats, whose white sails are filled with the cool breeze. In the outer basin, anchored alongside the German ironclad Kaiser, are the American and Portuguese cruisers. Opposite them are a Dutch cruiser and two French cruisers. Near the jetty are three Austrian ironclads, next to the Spanish flagship Numancia and the cruiser Navarra. The inner port affords the most striking scene, with a forest of masts flying colors and the signal flags of all nations; whilst in the centre are steamboat ferries, barges, rowing boats; men-of-war cutters carrying admirals and officers exchanging visits; the vessels meanwhile saluting each other and the Citadel with a deafening roar. The harbor authorities have on one side of the inner harbor three rakish-looking Italian torpedo boats, the Vesuvio and Archimedes cruisers, the French torpedo cruisers Milan, Falcon, Condor, and Couleuvre side by side with several Spanish corvettes and gunboats.

Thousands of sightseers came out today (18th) and remained all day at the harbor forgetting even the bull fight in their desire to gaze on the fleets, and see the Dukes of Edinburgh and Genoa come ashore. These Princes in full uniform, with their aides-de-camp, landed to pay a visit to Queen Christina, after the official reception which her Majesty held for her own subjects only. The Queen welcomed the Princes very kindly, and expressed her sympathy for the Royal families of Italy and England. She expressed a hope that she should see the Duchess of Edinburgh, who is expected to arrive tomorrow by the gunboat Surprise.

The Russian, Dutch and German captains allowed their men to land. The Spanish naval authorities intend to suggest that the admirals shall select separate days for allowing the men to land, in order to avoid the risk of conflicts.

Barcelona is wonderfully quiet even at night for a town containing 12,000 soldiers and 28,000 sailors, of all nations, besides the sailors of the mercantile marine. The authorities have concentrated a large force of gendarmes in the town. The naval and military authorities have shown the Duke of Edinburgh and the British fleet every possible attention.

At eleven o'clock on the 19th, the Queen received at the Town hall, the ambassadors, admi-

ral, captains and staffs of the fleets, who were introduced by Senor Zarco and the Minister of Marine. An envoy and the admiral congratulated the Queen in the name of their governments, briefly expressing their sympathy for Spain and the Regent.

General Vergé, the commander of the 17th Army Corps of the Pyrenean frontier, the representative of President Carnot, made an especially friendly speech. Sir Clare Ford, Prince Gortchakoff, Count Dubsky, Herr Stumm and the Duke Torielli represented England, Russia, Austria, Germany and Italy.

The Queen, who was surrounded by her Ladies in Waiting, Senor Sagasta and the Ministers, the Military and Civil households, and many Grandees and Generals in Court uniforms, cordially welcomed the Diplomatic Corps, addressing each in his own language or in German.

The splendor of the reception attracted crowds of people to the square before the palace, where they could well see the great array of foreign uniforms.

The gunboat Surprise has arrived with the Duchess of Edinburgh. Her Imperial Highness paid a visit to the Regent during the afternoon, and the Queen returned the visit with her children. Prince George of Wales and the commanders and officers of the British fleet were introduced in succession and the Queen said a few words showing the interest she takes in naval matters. Her Majesty also expressed a desire to see the Duchess ashore as her guest.

The evening closed with an imposing episode in the harbor, as the Queen was crossing from British gunboat Surprise to visit the Spanish flagship Numancia. Directly the foreign and native fleets saw the Royal ensign astern of the boat carrying the Queen, flags were hoist, men flew up the rigging, guns thundered salutes, whilst the fifteen large English, French and Italian ironclads outside manned yards and fired salutes of twenty-one guns. The Queen was much moved at the sight of the homage of the fleets of ten nations before tens of thousands of her subjects who lined the shores of the bay.

The Senate to-day unanimously decided to record on the minutes of the house, and to communicate to the Queen, an expression of the satisfaction with which the Senate observed the proofs of the affection of Aragon and Catalonia towards the King and the Queen, and the presence of the foreign fleets at Barcelona.

## Concert in Aid of the Little Bay Sufferers.

Synod Hall was well filled last evening by an appreciative audience, in attendance at the piano recital of Miss Bertha Harvey. Amongst those present were their Excellencies the Governor and Mrs. Blake, Lord Fitzgerald, and several prominent citizens. The following programme was rendered:—

PART I.  
SEELING.—Dance of the Gnomes, Op. 10. No. 3.  
CHOPIN.—Nocturne, Op. 9. No. 1.  
CHOPIN.—Valse Brill., Op. 34. No. 1.  
ROMBERG.—Toy Symphony. (By Children.)  
SONG.—"Sleep Well Sweet Angel," MISS FISHER.  
SONG.—(Encore)—"Cowpals" MISS FISHER.  
BEETHOVEN.—Sonata Pathétique.  
a. Allegro.  
b. Adagio.  
(Interval of ten minutes)  
PART II.  
SCHUBERT.—Sonata, Op. 137, No. 1.  
a. Allegro Molto.  
b. Andante.  
SCHUBERT.—Sonata, Op. 90, No. 4.—(Violin and Piano.) Mr. RENNIE and Miss HARVEY.—(Encore)—Moskowsky's Serenata.  
MENDELSSOHN.—Spring Song.  
SONG.—"Anchored," REV. H. DUNFIELD.  
SONG.—(Encore)—"Mary of Argyle."  
PAUER.—La Cascade.  
HELLIER.—Nuit Blanches, Op. 89.  
RUBENSTEIN.—Valse Caprice.

Miss Harvey has almost perfect command over the piano, and she interpreted the piano compositions above named with skill, taste and expression. Where so many piano pieces are played during an evening, they are apt to weary the listener; but Miss Harvey held the interest of her auditors throughout.

Miss Fisher always acquits herself artistically, though she does not sing as well in the Synod Hall as she does in more spacious and suitable places for her fine voice.

Mr. William Rendell's solo, on the violin, was quite acceptable, and the encore was very sweetly rendered and would have done credit to one of much greater pretensions on an instrument which is the most difficult of all musical instruments to master.

Rev. Mr. Dunfield has a sweet, well-cultivated voice, and he sings with a distinctness of enunciation to which it is a pleasure to listen, and which is in marked contrast to the way most of our public singers subordinate the words of a song to the music. The accompaniments were played with good judgment, by Miss Annie Rowe.

The children's "Toy Symphony" was quite entertaining, and relieved the somewhat sombre cast of the programme.

Messrs. John W. Kinsella and Alexander Ewing, of the Post Office Department, will take charge of the mails on the new coastal boats; the former on the western route, the latter on the northern. Both are old and tried officials of the Post Office, and their appointments will give satisfaction.

## Gladstone Trusts the Nation.

In concluding a recent speech Mr. Gladstone said:—We have had various gentlemen who at one time took a favorable view of the Liberal Dissentient policy, and who were disinclined to give Home Rule to Ireland. We have had them on the contrary, perceive the necessity of Home Rule, and gradually join with the bulk and mass of the Liberal party. (Cheers.) Well, at the elections we have lost one seat—that was a blow—that was at Doncaster. It was under very peculiar circumstances, because while our candidate was an unknown person, the Tory candidate was one of the Fitzwilliam family who have been known for generations, and known as supporters of Liberal politics, and as the Tories all supported that candidate, they overcame our man. But I rather think that with regard to six or seven other seats that have been opened where we have contested them against Tories and Liberal Unionists, we have won a seat, and we are five or six better than before—(cheers)—and not only that, even where we have not won seats we have in the vast majority of cases improved the polls. ("Hear, hear," and cheers.) Well, you may depend upon it that it is by these things you can judge of what is coming, and the general effect is this, that whereas at the beginning of the parliament, not yet two years ago, the majority against us was 110, the majority against us now is somewhere between 80 and 90. Well, that is something. ("Hear, hear," and cheers.) It is something to be able to show that. (Cheers.) That shows that if the Irish question is going backward in the parliament, it is going forward in the country. (Cheers.) Well, gentlemen, it is the nation to which we look. (Cheers.) What we have got against us is wealth, power, influence, rank, combination, enormous influence, because there is hardly any wealthy man who is not in a condition, very often from causes very creditable to him, to draw after him many poorer men to vote as he likes at the time, so that we have all these things against us. But on the other side there is the nation—"hear, hear," and cheers)—and it is on the nation that the Liberal party has always relied. It is on the nation that we rely. It is the nation that has backed us up in other times. (Cheers.) It is the nation that has enabled us to carry more great questions in the last 50 years than I could easily enumerate; it is the nation that is now indicating on almost every election, almost every opportunity that occurs, indicating their disposition, their determination to do the very same thing again; it is the nation that is working out the blessed result for which we labor and which, if anything can be certain in the future, they will bring, aye, and that upon the first opportunity given them, to a happy accomplishment. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

## Stabbed by his Ship Mate.

The Halifax "Recorder" of June 18, says:—On Wednesday last George Anderson, a sailor of the three-masted schr. Nantasket, of Boston, lost \$5 on the vessel, and Thomas James Shaw was accused of the theft. He denied the charge, but since then the remainder of the crew have held aloof from him. Last night he came ashore alone, while five others went off together. On their return to the vessel, about 11 p.m., the question of the theft again came up, during which Shaw was again accused; he grew angry, and after some hot words a Norwegian named Charles Brown was stabbed by Shaw with a sheath knife. Policemen Beckham and Fraser were called, and Shaw was arrested. Brown had a slight cut over his eye, but a more dangerous one in the back, from which the blood poured copiously. He was taken to the hospital, where the surgeons found the wound in the back was several inches in depth, and if the knife had touched the lung, which was probable from the position of the wound, the man would have slim chances of recovery. Stipendiary Motton and City Clerk Trenaman were at the hospital at 4.30 o'clock this morning to take the man's deposition. He said that when Shaw was accused of the theft, he got in a terrible rage, and made an attempt to strike one of the men. Brown says he wanted to prevent any disturbance, and spoke to Shaw, when he got a cut over the eye. He knew no more until he felt blood over his body, and then supposed he had been stabbed.

Shaw claims he acted in self-defence; that he and another American were conversing together last night, when five other sailors, who are foreigners, came on board, most of them intoxicated. They accused him of the stealing of the money, and on his denying it they turned on him and beat him. He spoke to the captain, and on his return they again illused him so, that he drew his sheath knife to defend himself, and in the turmoil Brown was stabbed. Shaw had several cuts on his face this morning, and had the appearance of having been in a fight. There were also spots of blood on his coat. He was arraigned in court today, pleaded not guilty, and was remanded until 11 a.m. Monday.

Judge Edward D. White, elected from Louisiana to the United States senate, is a Roman Catholic.

## THE POLICE COURT.

In the outer court yesterday, Samuel Mills was sentenced to forty days imprisonment, for destroying trees on the West-End Promenade. The young man is a shoemaker of good character, as was testified by his employers, but the judge considered that the wonton destruction of trees, without apparent motive, was sufficient crime to warrant him in imposing the sentence. Judge Prowse, in summing up, said that these trees should be looked upon in the same light as votive offerings to the gods by the ancient Romans. They had been planted by the Arbor Society, and should be regarded as something sacred, and not to be polluted by the touch of profane hands.

## Correspondence.

The Editor of this paper is not responsible for the opinions of correspondents.

## THE INGERSOLL DOCTRINE

(To the Editor of the Colonist.)

DEAR SIR,—Please give me space in your independent paper, to defend "A Protestant Citizen" from the uncharitable and mistaken statements of the "Mercury." If the Reverend Editor of the above paper had confined himself, in his criticism of "A Protestant Citizen," to the acknowledgement of his ignorance of the Rev. Father Lambert's book versus Ingersoll's impious denial of the truth and inspiration of the Sacred Scriptures, it would have been a very fair and acceptable apology for what appeared at the time to be an invidious omission. But oh! strange infatuation, he hesitates not (at least by implication) to appear as an apologist for that bold, unscrupulous, but, on special occasions, refined infidel. A covering throughout the whole editorial in question has been thrown over Ingersoll's antagonism to God and religion, and further excused by charging "A Protestant Citizen's" most appropriate terms as applied to the notorious Bob, and the question at issue as abuse and passionate weakness. Is it passionate weakness or abuse on the part of the Inspiration which declares the fool hath said in his heart "there is no God." Now, a fool, in addition to his other characteristics, is a professional jester or buffoon. If the Rev. editor has ever read any of Bob Ingersoll's public speeches (and being such a literary cormorant as he is known to be, doubtless he has) he would know that Ingersoll publicly denounces the Divine Inspiration of God's Word with many sneers, making it a jest book to his crowded audiences for laughter and diabolical mirth. How, then, can he call the word "buffoon" in this connection an ugly abusive name. He says Ingersoll is a hard bitter. In whose cause does he hit—for God or humanity? or—(well, let the Rev. editor select a name that will give no offence to clerical ears). For what reason, I ask, does Dr. Field open fire on Ingersoll? For what reason does Dr. Field's brethren look on Ingersoll as a monster? For the same reasons, doubtless, that "A Protestant Citizen" labelled him "an incarnate demon." Has the Rev. editor forgotten St. Paul's description of fallen humanity? He says the preaching of Ingersollism has one good effect; it makes people think over them. If the Rev. editor's courage and philanthropy are equal to his convictions, why does he not open a school avowedly on Ingersoll's principles, that one good effect may be obtained without further impediment to the intellectual capacity? This Christian editor further says: "Let the Ingersolls have the utmost liberty of speech and writing." That means, let infidels hold their meetings and do, if possible, what they did in France, when they wrote over the church doors, "There is no God," and over the cemetery gates, "Death is an eternal sleep." Let the Ingersolls write and circulate their filthy and debasing literature broadcast over the land, and into the homes where the young and inexperienced are likely to receive the fatal seed which, without judicious parental care, is sure to issue in eternal ruin, in thousands of cases, to the young and rising generation. The political and party creed that sanctions the practice of doing evil that good may come, has, unhappily, found a pitiable echo in the editorials of the "Evening Mercury."

## A PROTESTANT CITIZEN.

## Another Gladstonian Candidate Elected.

On the 15th, the Gladstonian Party scored a most important victory in the Ayr district, by returning Captain Sinclair for the House of Commons. At the last general election Mr. Campbell, the Liberal candidate, received 2673 votes and the "Gladstonian Liberal" 1498. There are 5,381 electors. They have reversed the majority, which was last election over 1,100 in favor of the Tories and Liberal Unionists, and gained a seat. The following is the result:—Captain Sinclair, Liberal Gladstonite, 2,331; Evelyn Ashley, Liberal Unionist, 2,268; Liberal majority, 63.

Bonfires blazed at all conspicuous points around the suburbs last evening, in honor of the anniversary of the discovery of the town of St. John's.

## LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

The steamer "Greetlands" left Cow Bay last night, for this port.

The steamer "Curlew" left LaPoile at 9.40 a.m. today, going west.

Caplin are plentiful at Broad Cove, South Shore, Conception Bay.

Messrs. Herder & Hallern are building a new raceboat for the Regatta.

Sir Ambrose Shea and Lady Shea left Nassau last week, en route for England.

The British Government has decided to add two iron clads to the Mediterranean squadron.

Hon. A. F. Goodridge, Hon. E. D. Shea, J. D. Ryan, Esq., and Mrs. Ryan, will be passengers by the home boat.—Bon voyage.

The "Casino" grounds will be open this (Tuesday) evening. New attractions; new music. Professor Bennett's Band. Admission 5 cents.—adli.

Caplin have struck in abundance in St. Mary's, and the fishing season opens well there. All the boats got good catches there within the last few days.

A large crowd attended the Casino grounds last night, and dancing was spiritedly entered into. The music by Professor Bennett's band was very much enjoyed.

The pony race on the New Era grounds to-night will, no doubt, attract a large number of spectators. Jockeys who were the favorite last year will contest. No doubt some mild betting will be indulged in, and all round a great interest will be manifested.

There will be a rehearsal for the tenors and basses taking part in the Cantata "Bluebeard," on tomorrow (Wednesday) evening, at half-past 7 o'clock, in the Academia music-room. A full attendance is particularly requested, as the performance takes place early in July.

The first arrival from the bankfishery, with caplin bait, for the season, is the schr. "Meteor," of Placentia, belonging to Hon. M. Monro, Captain Fitzpatrick. She arrived at Placentia yesterday with 340 qls. of fish. This makes a total of 1,100 for this season's catch.

At the annual meeting of the Shamrock Cricket Association, held on the 15th inst., the following officers were elected:—Captain, Charles Ryan; Treasurer, A. Burke; Secretary, P. J. Berrigan; Captain of Green Section, A. Burke; Captain of White Section, J. E. Savage.

A telegram was received in town this morning, from Mobile, announcing the arrival at that port of the schooner "Primrose" with a hundred and fifty quintals of fish after two days fishing. An accident to Captain William O'Driscoll, by which he broke his leg, was the reason for the vessel's coming in so soon. The fish is reported very plentiful on the banks.

A fire broke out in a shed situated on Harvey & Co.'s wharf, at ten o'clock last evening. The building is principally used for the storing of torches, ropes and other gear for the use of the steamers landing goods at the wharf. The fire-bell rang out promptly, followed in a few minutes by the fire companies; but, as the fire had but little headway when discovered, it was extinguished by the men around the premises without the assistance of the firemen.

The remaining contingent of our Labrador vessels left on Thursday for the coast. The last to leave was the brigantine "Lizzie," belonging to Mr. Levi Frost; the "Vesta," Capt. Keefe, had previously sailed. The "Sisters," Captain Hayden, took her departure on Wednesday for the North Shore, where a large number of freighters were to embark. That the present season on the Labrador, as well as elsewhere, may be a lucrative one, is the devout wish of all our readers.—H. G. Standard.

The Total Abstinence boat club are preparing vigorously to contest for the laurels of the lake at the coming regatta. The club thinks that, notwithstanding the number of new boats, there is life in the "Myrtle" yet. The club is not, as many suppose, composed of a large number of the T. A. Society; but of only fourteen members of it. This, in point of numbers, is about the smallest boat club in the town. But what they lack in numbers they make up for in earnestness. With men of the stamp of Mr. James J. O'Neil, it is not to be wondered at having the club in such a good condition.

## MARRIAGES.

WALL-McCARNAL.—Last evening, by the Rev. Archdeacon Forristal, Mr. Michael Wall, to Miss Hannah McCarnal, both of this city.

## DEATHS.

MURPHY.—Today, after a long illness, Patrick, only son of the late James Murphy, P. F. Inspector. Funeral on Thursday, from Mrs. Gibbons's residence, corner of Queen and Gower streets.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—A Smart Boy to go messages. Apply at the Colonist office.